

PATIENT HEALTH QUESTIONNAIRE-9 (PHQ-9)

over the <u>last 2 weeks</u> , how by any of the following prol (Use "✔" to indicate your ans		Not at all	Several days	More than half the days	Nearly every day
1. Little interest or pleasure ir	n doing things	0	1	2	3
2. Feeling down, depressed,	or hopeless	0	1	2	3
3. Trouble falling or staying a	sleep, or sleeping too much	0	1	2	3
4. Feeling tired or having little	energy	0	1	2	3
5. Poor appetite or overeating	3	0	1	2	3
Feeling bad about yourself have let yourself or your fa	— or that you are a failure or mily down	0	1	2	3
7. Trouble concentrating on the newspaper or watching telephone.		0	1	2	3
noticed? Or the opposite -	wly that other people could have — being so fidgety or restless g around a lot more than usual	0	1	2	3
Thoughts that you would b yourself in some way	e better off dead or of hurting	0	1	2	3
	For office cou	DING <u>0</u> +	+	· +	
			=	Total Score	:
	lems, how <u>difficult</u> have these home, or get along with other		ade it for	you to do y	our/
Not difficult at all □	Somewhat difficult □	Very difficult □		Extreme difficul	

Generalized Anxiety Disorder Screener (GAD-7)

	er the last 2 weeks, how often have you been	Not at all	Several	More than	Nearly
bot	thered by the following problems?		Days	half the days	every day
1.	Feeling nervous, anxious or on edge	0	1	2	3
2.	Not being able to stop or control worrying	0	1	2	3
3.	Worrying too much about different things	0	1	2	3
4.	Trouble relaxing	0	1	2	3
5.	Being so restless that it is hard to sit still	0	1	2	3
6.	Becoming easily annoyed or irritated	0	1	2	3
7.	Feeling afraid as if something awful might happen	0	1	2	3
		Add columns			
		Total Score			
8.	If you checked off any problems, how difficult have these problems made it for you to do your work, take care of things at home, or get along with other people?	Not difficult at all	Somewhat difficult	Very difficult	Extremely difficult

When did the symptoms begin?		

Generalized Anxiety Disorder Screener (GAD-7)

Scoring and Interpretation:

GAD-2 Score*	Provisional Diagnosis
0-2	None
3-6	Probable anxiety disorder
GAD-7 Score	Provisional Diagnosis
0-7	None
8+	Probable anxiety disorder

^{*}GAD-2 is the first 2 questions of the GAD-7

References:

- Spitzer RL, Kroenke K, Williams JB, Lowe B. A brief measure for assessing generalized anxiety disorder: the GAD-7. Archives of internal medicine. May 22 2006;166(10):1092-1097. PMID: 16717171
- Kroenke K, Spitzer RL, Williams JB, Monahan PO, Lowe B. Anxiety disorders in primary care: prevalence, impairment, comorbidity, and detection. Annals of internal medicine. Mar 6 2007;146(5):317-325. PMID: 17339617
- Lowe B, Decker O, Muller S, et al. Validation and standardization of the Generalized Anxiety Disorder Screener (GAD-7) in the general population. Medical care. Mar 2008;46(3):266-274. PMID: 18388841

NAME:	 DATE:
PATIENT ID#:	MD:

BRIEF PSYCHIATRIC RATING SCALE (BPRS)

Please enter the score for the term which best describes the patient's condition.

0 = not assessed, 1 = not present, 2 = very mild, 3 = mild, 4 = moderate, 5 = moderately severe, 6 = severe, 7 = extremely severe

1. SOMATIC CONCERN		10. HOSTILITY	
Degree of concern over present bodily health. Rate the		Animosity, contempt, belligerence, disdain for other people	
degree to which physical health is perceived as a problem	SCORE	outside the interview situation. Rate solely on the basis of	SCORE
by the patient, whether complaints have a realistic basis or not.	SCORE	the verbal report of feelings and actions of the patient toward others; do not infer hostility from neurotic defenses,	SCORE
		anxiety, nor somatic complaints. (Rate attitude toward	
		interviewer under "uncooperativeness").	
2. ANXIETY		11. SUSPICIOUSNESS	
Worry, fear, or over-concern for present or future. Rate solely on the basis of verbal report of patient's own subjective experiences. Do not infer anxiety from physical signs or from neurotic defense mechanisms.	SCORE	Brief (delusional or otherwise) that others have now, or have had in the past, malicious or discriminatory intent toward the patient. On the basis of verbal report, rate only those suspicions which are currently held whether they concern past or present circumstances.	SCORE
3. EMOTIONAL WITHDRAWAL		12. HALLUCINATORY BEHAVIOR	
Deficiency in relating to the interviewer and to the		Perceptions without normal external stimulus	
interviewer situation. Rate only the degree to which the	SCORE	correspondence. Rate only those experiences which are	SCORE
patient gives the impression of failing to be in emotional contact with other people in the interview situation.		reported to have occurred within the last week and which are described as distinctly different from the thought and	
on the control people in the internet of the control of		imagery processes of normal people.	
4. CONCEPTUAL DISORGANIZATION		13. MOTOR RETARDATION	
Degree to which the thought processes are confused,		Reduction in energy level evidenced in slowed movements.	
disconnected, or disorganized. Rate on the basis of	SCORE	Rate on the basis of observed behavior of the patient only;	SCORE
integration of the verbal products of the patient; do not rate on the basis of patient's subjective impression of his own		do not rate on the basis of patient's subjective impression of own energy level.	
level of functioning.		of own energy level.	
5. GUILT FEELINGS		14. UNCOOPERATIVENESS	
Over-concern or remorse for past behavior. Rate on the		Evidence of resistance, unfriendliness, resentment, and	
basis of the patient's subjective experiences of guilt as		lack of readiness to cooperate with the interviewer. Rate	
evidenced by verbal report with appropriate affect; do not infer guilt feelings from depression, anxiety or neurotic	SCORE	only on the basis of the patient's attitude and responses to the interviewer and the interview situation; do not rate on	SCORE
defenses.		basis of reported resentment or uncooperativeness outside	
		the interview situation.	
6. TENSION		15. UNUSUAL THOUGHT CONTENT	
Physical and motor manifestations of tension "nervousness",		Unusual, odd, strange or bizarre thought content. Rate	SCORE
and heightened activation level. Tension should be rated	SCORE	here the degree of unusualness, not the degree of	
solely on the basis of physical signs and motor behavior and not on the basis of subjective experiences of tension		disorganization of thought processes.	
reported by the patient.			
7. MANNERISMS AND POSTURING		16. BLUNTED AFFECT	
Unusual and unnatural motor benavior, the type of motor		Reduced emotional tone, apparent lack of normal feeling or	
behavior which causes certain mental patients to stand out	SCORE	involvement.	SCORE
in a crowd of normal people. Rate only abnormality of			
movements; do not rate simple heightened motor activity here.			
8. GRANDIOSITY		17. EXCITEMENT	
Exaggerated self-opinion, conviction of unusual ability or	SCORE	Heightened emotional tone, agitation, increased reactivity.	SCORE
powers. Rate only on the basis of patient's statements about	- I	The ignored emerical terre, agriculent, meredeed reasoning.	
himself or self-in-relation-to-others, not on the basis of his			
demeanor in the interview situation.			
9. DEPRESSIVE MOOD	00055	18. DISORIENTATION	00000
Despondency in mood, sadness. Rate only degree of	SCORE	Confusion or lack of proper association for person, place or	SCORE
despondency; do not rate on the basis of inferences concerning depression based upon general retardation and		time.	
oonooning acpression bases apon general relativation and	1 1		1

Child's name:	Date:
Child's age:	
Relationship to Child:	

GENERAL BEHAVIOR INVENTORY Parent Version (P-GBI) Short Form – H/B (Revised Version, 2008)

Here are some questions about behaviors that occur in the general population. Think about how often they occur for your child. Using the scale below, select the number that best describes how often your child experienced these behaviors **over the past year**:

0	1	2	3
Never or	Sometimes	Often	Very Often
Hardly ever			Almost Constantly

Keep the following points in mind:

Frequency: you may have noticed a behavior as far back as childhood or early teens, or you may have noticed it more recently. In either case, estimate how frequently the behavior has occurred **over the past year.**

For example: if you noticed a behavior when your child was 5, and you have noticed it over the past year, mark your answer "often" or "very often - almost constantly". However, if your child has experienced a behavior during only one isolated period in his/her life, but not outside that period, mark your answer "never - hardly ever" or "sometimes".

Duration: many questions require that a behavior occur for an approximate duration of time (for example, "several days or more"). The duration given is a **minimum** duration. If your child usually experiences a behavior for shorter durations, mark the question "**never - hardly ever**" or "**sometimes**".

Changeability: what matters is not whether your child can get rid of certain behaviors if he/she has them, but whether these behaviors have occurred at all. So even if your child can get rid of these behaviors, you should mark your answer according to how frequently he/she experiences them.

Your job, then, is to rate how frequently your child has experienced a behavior, over the past year, for the duration described in the question. Please read each question carefully, and record your answer next to each question by placing an "X" in the appropriate box.

0 Never or Hardly ever	1 Sometimes	2 Often	3 Very Often, Almost Constantly
0 1 2 3	_	eling unusually hap self), he/she was als	py and intensely energetic (clearly o physically restless, unable to sit still,
	-	your child seemed	more when your child's friends or other unusually happy or high – clearly good mood?
	3. Has your child's mood sad or high to low?	or energy shifted ra	pidly back and forth from happy to
	•	/she also felt much	piness and intense energy lasting more anxious or tense (jittery, o the menstrual cycle)?
	feeling unusually happy and it	ntensely energetic (ore when, although your child was clearly more than his/her usual self), mer feelings of rage or an urge to
			piness and intense energy (clearly ys or more, it took him/her over an
	7. Have you found that yo but rarely in the middle?	ur child's feelings o	or energy are generally up or down,
		n other periods of s	days or more when he/she felt everal days or more when he/she felt rgy?
		st everything got on	our child was feeling unusually happy his/her nerves and made him/her rual cycle)?
		ut, or they came so	ights and ideas came so fast that quickly others complained that they
	_Total Score		

Interpretation Guide:

Low scores by ~ 6 (LR = .16); Neutral does not change risk; High nearly triples risk (LR = 2.67)

⁰ Minimal*; 1-4 Mild; 5-14 Neutral Risk; 15-17 High; 18+ Very High** risk

^{*}Minimal scores decrease likelihood of diagnosis by approximately 100 (LR = .01);

^{**}Very High scores increase likelihood of diagnosis by approximately 7 (LR = 7.25)

The likelihood of bipolar diagnosis is dependent on base rate of disorder in assessment setting. Please see Youngstrom, Frazier, Demeter, Calabrese, and Findling (2008) *Journal of Clinical Psychiatry* for additional information. Special thanks to Mark Cooperberg, Ph.D.

GENERAL BEHAVIOR INVENTORY Self-Report Version

Here are some questions about behaviors that occur in the general population. Think about how often they occur for you. Using the scale below, select the number that best describes how often you experienced these behaviors **over the past year**:

0	1	2	3	
Never or	Sometimes	Often	Very Often	
Hardly ever			Almost Constantly	

Keep the following points in mind:

Frequency: you may have noticed a behavior as far back as childhood or early teens, or you may have noticed it more recently. In either case, estimate how frequently the behavior has occurred **over the past year.**

For example: if you noticed a behavior when you were 14, and you have noticed it over the last year, mark your answer "often" or "very often - almost constantly". However, if you have experienced a behavior during only one isolated period in your life, but not outside that period, mark your answer "never - hardly ever" or "sometimes".

Duration: many questions require that a behavior occur for an approximate duration of time (for example, "several days or more"). The duration given is a **minimum** duration. If you usually experience a behavior for shorter durations, mark the question "**never - hardly ever**" or "**sometimes**".

Changeability: what matters is not whether you can get rid of certain behaviors if you have them, but whether these behaviors have occurred at all. So even if you can get rid of these behaviors, you should mark your answer according to how frequently you experienced them over the last year.

Your job, then, is to rate how frequently you have experienced a behavior, over the past year, for the duration described in the question. Please read each question carefully, and record your answer next to each question.

0 Never or Hardly ever		1 Sometimes	2 Often	3 Very Often Almost Constantly
0 1 2 3	1.	-	•	ear, when it was almost n though this may not be generally
0 1 2 3	2.		es when you enjoy t	g with people hem immensely and want to be ou do not want to see them at all?
0 1 2 3	3.	Have you become sa days or more withou	<u>-</u>	
0 1 2 3	4.	(clearly more than y	were feeling unusua our usual self), you	l days or more ally happy and intensely energetic were also physically restless, ing or jumping from one activity
0 1 2 3	5.	that you needed mor	re sleep, even though the day (not include	or more when you felt h you slept longer at night or ing times of exercise, physical
0 1 2 3	6.	Have people said that	at you looked sad or	lonely?
0 1 2 3	7.		ch that others told ye	or more when you were almost ou they couldn't keep up with you
0 1 2 3	8.	your attention on an	y one thing for more	or more when you could not keep than a few seconds, and your to another or to things around you?
0123	9.	<u>-</u>	_	days or more when you lost almost ent long times by yourself?
0 1 2 3	10.	Have you had period flavorless and you d	•	more when food seemed rather tall?
0 1 2 3	11.	other family membe	rs told you that you	or more when your friends or seemed unusually happy or high – from a typical good mood?
0 1 2 3	12.		you found it difficul	ory or concentration seemed lt, for example, to read or follow a
0 1 2 3	13.		<u> </u>	most all interest in the things that school, work, entertainment)?
CDI C ICD				D 0

0 Never or Hardly ever		1 Sometimes	2 Often	3 Very Often Almost Constantly
0 1 2 3	14.		nd makes you irrit	epression when almost everything able or angry (other than related to
0 1 2 3	15.		ere able to stay awa	r more when you did not feel the ake and alert for much longer than
0 1 2 3	16.	Have you had long po as easily as other peo		u felt that you couldn't enjoy life
0 1 2 3	17.	· · ·	•	r more when you wanted to be with ked you to leave them alone for a
0 1 2 3	18.	worn out that it was v	very difficult or even not including times	r more when you were so tired and en impossible to do your normal of intense exercise, physical
0 1 2 3	19.	Has your mood or en or high to low?	ergy shifted rapidly	y back and forth from happy to sad
0 1 2 3	20.		_	days or more when you spent easant things that have happened?
0 1 2 3	21.		yourself, or felt as	at you were physically cut off from if you were in a dream, or felt that ed in some way?
0 1 2 3	22.	several days or more	when you also felt	much more anxious or tense her than related to the menstrual
0 1 2 3	23.			r more when you were so sad that that you couldn't stand it?
0 1 2 3	24.	two or more days wh	en food tastes exce s of several days o	eating changes – from periods of eptionally good, clearly better than r more when food seems rather eating at all?
0 1 2 3	25.		•	r more when you wake up much ems getting back to sleep?
0 1 2 3	26.	Have you had periods start talking or that ta	-	o down that you found it hard to ch energy?
CDI C.1CD				D 2

0 Never or Hardly ever		1 Sometimes	2 Often	3 Very Often Almost Constantly
0 1 2 3	27.	feeling unusually hap	py and intensely en and to struggle very	r more when, although you were nergetic (clearly more than your hard to control inner feelings of gs?
0 1 2 3	28.	had more than one of (a) headaches or feeli your head;(b) dizzine (d) aches and pains; (the following: ngs of tightness, press; (c) constipation e) nausea, vomiting	
0 1 2 3	29.	down and depressed,	and you also were	l days or more when were feeling physically restless, unable to sit g from one activity to another?
0 1 2 3	30.			ys or more when you felt you ctually did a lot of new or different
0 1 2 3	31.	· · ·	self) when, for sev	ness and intense energy (clearly reral days or more, it took you
0 1 2 3	32.	Over the past year, ha		s when you looked back over your nips?
0 1 2 3	33.	Have you experience you were moving in s		lays or more when you felt as if
0 1 2 3	34.	Have there been long depressed, or irritable	•	ast year when you felt sad,
0 1 2 3	35.	Has it seemed that yo more intensely than o		pleasurable and painful emotions
0 1 2 3	36.	-	•	or more when you felt guilty and something you had or had not
0 1 2 3	37.	Have you had times or had trouble staying	•	nore when you woke up frequently middle of the night?
0 1 2 3	38.	• •	when what you say	ness and high energy lasting w, heard, smelled, tasted, or

0 Never or Hardly ever	r	1 Sometimes	2 Often	3 Very Often Almost Constantly
0 1 2 3	39.		ery hard to control	eling low and depressed, and you inner feelings of rage or an urge
0 1 2 3	40.	Have you found that y rarely in the middle?	your feelings or end	ergy are generally up or down, but
0 1 2 3	41.	• •	•	more when it was difficult or d felt sluggish, stagnant, or
0 1 2 3	42.	Have there been time mischievous, destruct	•	rong urge to do something ing?
0 1 2 3	43.	<u> -</u>	•	or more when your thinking was r than most other people's?
0 1 2 3	44.	Have there been times bad about yourself?	s when you explode	ed at others and afterwards felt
0 1 2 3	45.	1 .		s of several days or more when friends or good news) could
0 1 2 3	46.		t person or that you	more when you felt that you r abilities or talents were better
0 1 2 3	47.	Have there been times stupid, ugly, unlovable	•	ourself or felt that you were
0 1 2 3	48.		re when you think	ges greatly – that there are periods better than most people, and other ell at all?
0 1 2 3	49.	Have there been time emotions and seemed		when you had no feelings or people?
0 1 2 3	50.	•	ach more anxious o	lasting several days or more r tense (jittery, nervous, uptight) strual cycle)?
0 1 2 3	51.	recklessly, taking a tr disturbance, being mo	ip on the spur of thore sexually active or getting into troub	one things – like perhaps driving e moment, creating a public than usual, getting into fights, ale with the law – which you later

0 Never or Hardly ever	1 Sometimes	2 Often	3 Very Often Almost Constantly
0 1 2 3 52.	•	-	pression when, for several days or leep at night, even though you
0 1 2 3 53.	depressed or irritable	e, and then other per	rs or more when you felt iods of several days or more when flowing with energy?
0 1 2 3 54.	and intensely energe	etic, almost everythir	you were feeling unusually happy g got on your nerves and made to the menstrual cycle?)
0 1 2 3 55.	Have there been time your mind and you	1 0	bad thoughts kept going through
0 1 2 3 56.	Have there been tim on yourself and felt		more when you really got down
0 1 2 3 57.		-	nk spells in which your activities what was going on around you?
0 1 2 3 58.	interrupted by perio		of several days or more, hour to a day when you felt?
0 1 2 3 59.	<u> </u>	iods of several days nove as quickly as u	or more when you were slowed sual?
0 1 2 3 60.	(5) pounds or more	in short periods of time	ncreases, decreases, or both) of five me (three weeks or less), not , menstruation, exercise, or dieting?
0 1 2 3 61.	<u>-</u>		s or more when your sexual ant, and you couldn't think about
0 1 2 3 62.	Have you had period things could not imp		at the future was hopeless and
0 1 2 3 63.	<u> </u>	_	lays or more when you were so might never snap out of it?
0 1 2 3 64.	<u> </u>	l out, or they came s	and ideas came so fast that you o quickly others complained that

0		1	2	3
Never or		Sometimes	Often	Very Often
Hardly ever				Almost Constantly
0 1 2 3	65.			more when you felt very down day, but then less so during the
0 1 2 3 6	56.		•	any new activities with lots of kly losing interest in them?
0 1 2 3 6	57.	= = = = = = = = = = = = = = = = = = = =	f depression duri	ntly follows the seasons, where ng the winter but mostly happy
0 1 2 3 6	58.	Have you had long period interrupted by brief period happy?	•	re down and depressed, ood was normal or slightly
0 1 2 3 6	59.	control an urge to cry, h	ave had frequent	more when you have struggled to crying spells, or found yourself (other than related to the
0 1 2 3 7	70.	Have there been times o interest was lost?	f several days or	more when almost all sexual
0 1 2 3	71.	Have you found yoursel environment or people a	•	fearful or suspicious of your
0 1 2 3	72.	Have there been periods gloom?	of time when yo	u felt a persistent sense of
0 1 2 3	73.	Have there been times w	hen you felt that	you would be better off dead?

0		1	2	3
Never or		Sometimes	Often	Very Often
Hardly ever				Almost Constantly
1 2	74.*	-	· ·	life-threatening or very serious physical handicap) in the past year?
		1) Yes 2	2) No	
1 2	75.*	•	▼	crine problems, or taken hormones as (5) years (not including birth control
		1) Yes	2) No	
1 2	76.*	Has a close re in the past thr	•	experienced a life-threatening illness
		1) Yes	2) No	

^{*} Not included in GBI scale scores.

Mood Disorder Questionnaire [MDQ]

Name: Date:		
Instructions: Check () the answer that best applies to you. Please answer each question as best you can.	Yes	No
1. Has there ever been a period of time when you were not your usual self and		
you felt so good or so hyper that other people thought you were not your normal self or you were so hyper that you got into trouble?		
you were so irritable that you shouted at people or started fights or arguments?		
you felt much more self-confident than usual?		
you got much less sleep than usual and found you didn't really miss it?		
you were much more talkative or spoke faster than usual?		
thoughts raced through your head or you couldn't slow your mind down?		
you were so easily distracted by things around you that you had trouble concentrating or staying on track?		
you had much more energy than usual?		
you were much more active or did many more things than usual?		
you were much more social or outgoing than usual, for example, you telephoned friends in the middle of the night?		
you were much more interested in sex than usual?		
you did things that were unusual for you or that other people might have thought were excessive, foolish, or risky?		
spending money got you or your family in trouble?		
2. If you checked YES to more than one of the above, have several of these ever happened during the same period of time? Please check 1 response only.		
3. How much of a problem did any of these cause you — like being able to work; having family, money, or legal troubles; getting into arguments or fights? Please check 1 response only.		
No problem Minor problem Moderate problem Serious problem		
4. Have any of your blood relatives (ie, children, siblings, parents, grandparents, aunts, uncles) had manic-depressive illness or bipolar disorder?		
5. Has a health professional ever told you that you have manic-depressive illness or bipolar disorder?		

This questionnaire should be used as a starting point. It is not a substitute for a full medical evaluation. Bipolar disorder is a complex illness, and **an accurate, thorough diagnosis can only be made through a personal evaluation by your doctor.**

This instrument is designed for screening purposes only and is not to be used as a diagnostic tool.

How to Use

The questionnaire takes less than 5 minutes to complete. Patients simply check the yes or no boxes in response to the questions. The last question pertains to the patient's level of functional impairment. The physician, nurse, or medical staff assistant then scores the completed questionnaire.

How to Score

Further medical assessment for bipolar disorder is clearly warranted if patient:

 Answers Yes to 7 or more of the events in question #1

AND

• Answers *Yes* to question #2

AND

• Answers Moderate problem or Serious problem to question #3

Beck Anxiety Inventory

Below is a list of common symptoms of anxiety. Please carefully read each item in the list. Indicate how much you have been bothered by that symptom during the past month, including today, by circling the number in the corresponding space in the column next to each symptom.

	Not At All	Mildly but it	Moderately - it	Severely – it
		didn't bother me	wasn't pleasant at	bothered me a lot
	0	much. 1	times 2	3
Numbness or tingling				
Feeling hot	0			0
Wobbliness in legs	0	0	0	0
Unable to relax	0	0	0	0
Fear of worst				
happening				\cup
Dizzy or lightheaded	0	0	0	0
Heart pounding/racing	0	0	0	0
Unsteady	0	0	0	0
Terrified or afraid	0	0	0	0
Nervous	0	0	0	0
Feeling of choking	0	0	0	0
Hands trembling	0	0	0	0
Shaky / unsteady	0	0	0	Ô
Fear of losing control	0	0	0	0
Difficulty in breathing	O	0	0	Ö
Fear of dying	O	0	0	O
Scared	0	0	0	0
Indigestion	Ŏ	Ó	O	Ŏ
Faint / lightheaded	Ō	Ó		Ŏ
Face flushed	Ŏ	Ŏ	Ō	Ŏ
Hot/cold sweats	Ŏ	Ŏ	Ō	Ŏ
Column Sum				

Scoring - Sum each colu	ımn. Then sum	the column totals t	o achieve a grand sco	ore.
Write grand score here _	·		Clear	Save / Print to PDF

Beck's Depression Inventory

This depression inventory can be self-scored. The scoring scale is at the end of the questionnaire. 1. 0 I do not feel sad. 1 I feel sad 2 I am sad all the time and I can't snap out of it. I am so sad and unhappy that I can't stand it. 3 2. 0 I am not particularly discouraged about the future. 1 I feel discouraged about the future. 2 I feel I have nothing to look forward to. 3 I feel the future is hopeless and that things cannot improve. 3. 0 I do not feel like a failure. I feel I have failed more than the average person. 1 2 As I look back on my life, all I can see is a lot of failures. 3 I feel I am a complete failure as a person. 4. 0 I get as much satisfaction out of things as I used to. I don't enjoy things the way I used to. 1 2 I don't get real satisfaction out of anything anymore. 3 I am dissatisfied or bored with everything. 5. 0 I don't feel particularly guilty 1 I feel guilty a good part of the time. 2 I feel quite guilty most of the time. 3 I feel guilty all of the time. 6. I don't feel I am being punished. 0 1 I feel I may be punished. 2 I expect to be punished. 3 I feel I am being punished. 7. 0 I don't feel disappointed in myself. 1 I am disappointed in myself. 2 I am disgusted with myself. 3 I hate myself. 8. 0 I don't feel I am any worse than anybody else. 1 I am critical of myself for my weaknesses or mistakes. 2 I blame myself all the time for my faults. I blame myself for everything bad that happens. 3 9. 0 I don't have any thoughts of killing myself. I have thoughts of killing myself, but I would not carry them out. 1 2 I would like to kill myself. 3 I would kill myself if I had the chance. 10. 0 I don't cry any more than usual.

I used to be able to cry, but now I can't cry even though I want to.

1

2

3

I cry more now than I used to.

I cry all the time now.

11.	
0	I am no more irritated by things than I ever was.
1	I am slightly more irritated now than usual.
2	I am quite annoyed or irritated a good deal of the time.
3	I feel irritated all the time.
12.	
0	I have not lost interest in other people.
1	I am less interested in other people than I used to be.
2	I have lost most of my interest in other people.
3	I have lost all of my interest in other people.
13.	
0	I make decisions about as well as I ever could.
1	I put off making decisions more than I used to.
2	I have greater difficulty in making decisions more than I used to.
3	I can't make decisions at all anymore.
14.	·
0	I don't feel that I look any worse than I used to.
1	I am worried that I am looking old or unattractive.
2	I feel there are permanent changes in my appearance that make me look
	unattractive
3	I believe that I look ugly.
15.	
0	I can work about as well as before.
1	It takes an extra effort to get started at doing something.
2	I have to push myself very hard to do anything.
3	I can't do any work at all.
16.	
0	I can sleep as well as usual.
1	I don't sleep as well as I used to.
2	I wake up 1-2 hours earlier than usual and find it hard to get back to sleep.
3	I wake up several hours earlier than I used to and cannot get back to sleep.
17.	
0	I don't get more tired than usual.
1	I get tired more easily than I used to.
2	I get tired from doing almost anything.
3	I am too tired to do anything.
18.	
0	My appetite is no worse than usual.
1	My appetite is not as good as it used to be.
2 3	My appetite is much worse now.
	I have no appetite at all anymore.
19. 0	I haven't lost much weight if any lately
1	I haven't lost much weight, if any, lately. I have lost more than five pounds.
2	I have lost more than trive pounds. I have lost more than ten pounds.
3	<u>.</u>
ر	I have lost more than fifteen pounds.

20. 0 I am no more worried about my health than usual. I am worried about physical problems like aches, pains, upset stomach, or 1 constipation. 2 I am very worried about physical problems and it's hard to think of much else. 3 I am so worried about my physical problems that I cannot think of anything else. 21. I have not noticed any recent change in my interest in sex. 0 I am less interested in sex than I used to be. 1 2 I have almost no interest in sex. 3 I have lost interest in sex completely.

INTERPRETING THE BECK DEPRESSION INVENTORY

Now that you have completed the questionnaire, add up the score for each of the twenty-one questions by counting the number to the right of each question you marked. The highest possible total for the whole test would be sixty-three. This would mean you circled number three on all twenty-one questions. Since the lowest possible score for each question is zero, the lowest possible score for the test would be zero. This would mean you circles zero on each question. You can evaluate your depression according to the Table below.

Total Score	Levels of Depression
1-10	These ups and downs are considered normal
11-16	Mild mood disturbance
17-20	Borderline clinical depression
21-30	Moderate depression
31-40	Severe depression
over 40	Extreme depression

http://www.med.navy.mil/sites/NMCP2/PatientServices/ SleepClinicLab/Documents/Beck Depression Inventory.pdf



Modeling Effective Antipsychotic Therapeutic Success by Utilizing Real Evidence

PATIENT EDUCATION TOOLS

Young Mania Rating Scale (YMRS)

OVERVIEW

The Young Mania Rating Scale (YMRS) is one of the most frequently utilized rating scales to assess manic symptoms. The scale has 11 items and is based on the patient's subjective report of his or her clinical condition over the previous 48 hours. Additional information is based upon clinical observations made during the course of the clinical interview. The items are selected based upon published descriptions of the core symptoms of mania. The YMRS follows the style of the Hamilton Rating Scale for Depression (HAM-D) with each item given a severity rating. There are four items that are graded on a 0 to 8 scale (irritability, speech, thought content, and disruptive/aggressive behavior), while the remaining seven items are graded on a 0 to 4 scale. These four items are given twice the weight of the others to compensate for poor cooperation from severely ill patients. There are well described anchor points for each grade of severity. The authors encourage the use of whole or half point ratings once experience with the scale is acquired. Typical YMRS baseline scores can vary a lot. They depend on the patients' clinical features such as mania (YMRS = 12), depression (YMRS = 3), or euthymia (YMRS = 2). Sometimes a clinical study entry requirement of YMRS ≥ 20 generates a mean YMRS baseline of about 30. Strengths of the YMRS include its brevity, widely accepted use, and ease of administration. The usefulness of the scale is limited in populations with diagnoses other than mania.

The YMRS is a rating scale used to evaluate manic symptoms at baseline and over time in individuals with mania.

The scale is generally done by a clinician or other trained rater with expertise with manic patients and takes 15–30 minutes to complete.

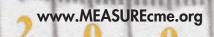
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Young Mania Rating Scale (YMRS)

GUIDE FOR SCORING ITEMS:

The purpose of each item is to rate the severity of that abnormality in the patient. When several keys are given for a particular grade of severity, the presence of only one is required to qualify for that rating.

The keys provided are guides. One can ignore the keys if that is necessary to indicate severity, although this should be the exception rather than the rule.

Scoring between the points given (whole or half points) is possible and encouraged after experience with the scale is acquired. This is particularly useful when severity of a particular item in a patient does not follow the progression indicated by the keys.

1. Elevated Mood

- 0 Absent
- 1 Mildly or possibly increased on questioning
- 2 Definite subjective elevation; optimistic, self-confident; cheerful; appropriate to content
- 3 Elevated; inappropriate to content; humorous
- 4 Euphoric; inappropriate laughter; singing

2. Increased Motor Activity-Energy

- 0 Absent
- 1 Subjectively increased
- 2 Animated; gestures increased
- 3 Excessive energy; hyperactive at times; restless (can be calmed)
- 4 Motor excitement; continuous hyperactivity (cannot be calmed)

3. Sexual Interest

- 0 Normal: not increased
- 1 Mildly or possibly increased
- 2 Definite subjective increase on questioning
- 3 Spontaneous sexual content; elaborates on sexual matters; hypersexual by self-report
- 4 Overt sexual acts (toward patients, staff, or interviewer)

4. Sleep

- O Reports no decrease in sleep
- 1 Sleeping less than normal amount by up to one hour
- 2 Sleeping less than normal by more than one hour
- 3 Reports decreased need for sleep
- 4 Denies need for sleep

5. Irritability

- 0 Absent
- 2 Subjectively increased
- 4 Irritable at times during interview; recent episodes of anger or annoyance on ward
- 6 Frequently irritable during interview; short, curt throughout
- 8 Hostile, uncooperative; interview impossible





Young Mania Rating Scale (YMRS)

6. Speech (Rate and Amount)

- 0 No increase
- 2 Feels talkative
- 4 Increased rate or amount at times, verbose at times
- 6 Push; consistently increased rate and amount; difficult to interrupt
- 8 Pressured; uninterruptible, continuous speech

7. Language-Thought Disorder

- 0 Absent
- 1 Circumstantial; mild distractibility; quick thoughts
- 2 Distractible, loses goal of thought; changes topics frequently; racing thoughts
- 3 Flight of ideas; tangentiality; difficult to follow; rhyming, echolalia
- 4 Incoherent; communication impossible

8. Content

- 0 Normal
- 2 Questionable plans, new interests
- 4 Special project(s); hyper-religious
- 6 Grandiose or paranoid ideas; ideas of reference
- 8 Delusions; hallucinations

9. Disruptive-Aggressive Behavior

- O Absent, cooperative
- 2 Sarcastic; loud at times, guarded
- 4 Demanding; threats on ward
- 6 Threatens interviewer; shouting; interview difficult
- 8 Assaultive; destructive; interview impossible

10. Appearance

- O Appropriate dress and grooming
- 1 Minimally unkempt
- 2 Poorly groomed; moderately disheveled; overdressed
- 3 Disheveled; partly clothed; garish make-up
- 4 Completely unkempt; decorated; bizarre garb

11. Insight

- O Present; admits illness; agrees with need for treatment
- 1 Possibly ill
- 2 Admits behavior change, but denies illness
- 3 Admits possible change in behavior, but denies illness
- 4 Denies any behavior change

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