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EXPIRATION DATE: OCTOBER 2024

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OBSTRUCTIVE SLEEP APNEA**1. What percentage of US adults have OSA?**

- a. 5% to 9%
- b. 9% to 38%
- c. 38% to 49%
- d. 49% to 58%

2. Apnea is defined as

- a. disruption in airflow.
- b. lack of CNS-generated respiratory effort.
- c. respiratory rate of less than 10.
- d. cessation of breathing for 5 seconds or longer.

3. The differential diagnosis for OSA includes

- a. insufficient sleep, central sleep apnea, periodic limb movement disorder, restless leg syndrome, and hypothyroidism.
- b. restless leg syndrome, Kleine-Levin syndrome, structural brain lesion, fibromyalgia, and schizophrenia.
- c. Kleine-Levin syndrome, structural brain lesion, fibromyalgia, depression, and sedating medications.
- d. insufficient sleep, central sleep apnea, periodic limb movement disorder, fibromyalgia, and hemochromatosis.

4. Which of the following is considered the first-line therapy for OSA?

- a. CPAP
- b. APAP
- c. BiPAP
- d. home oxygen therapy

5. Which statement is correct about using oral appliances to treat OSA?

- a. They do not require a dentist evaluation for custom fitting.
- b. Oral appliances may be considered for patients with mild to moderate OSA.
- c. They are designed to keep the airway open during sleep by moving the tongue posteriorly to decrease the diameter of the upper airway.
- d. They are equal to PAP therapy in reducing the AHI for patients with severe OSA.

HOSPITALIZED PATIENTS WITH COVID-19**6. In the United States, how many deaths related to COVID-19 have been reported?**

- a. less than 100,000
- b. about 250,000
- c. 755,000
- d. more than 1.1 million

7. COVID-19-specific therapies have the greatest benefit for hospitalized patients who

- a. are older than age 65 years.
- b. have acute hypoxic respiratory failure.
- c. have immunocompromise.
- d. have chronic kidney, liver, heart, or lung disease.

8. For patients with a known COVID-19 infection, the CDC recommends vaccination

- a. when the patient first presents with symptoms.
- b. when the patient first tests negative for COVID-19.
- c. beginning after the resolution of symptoms or at the end of the isolation period in asymptomatic patients.
- d. beginning after at least 3 months following resolution of symptoms or the end of the isolation period in asymptomatic patients.

9. What is the mainstay treatment for patients with COVID-19 and respiratory failure?

- a. dexamethasone
- b. anticoagulants
- c. hydroxychloroquine
- d. ivermectin

10. Which novel therapy for COVID-19 was trialed and subsequently not recommended?

- a. dexamethasone
- b. anticoagulants
- c. convalescent plasma
- d. remdesivir