The Revision ACL "Outsiders" Additional Considerations for the ACL graft tear

Sean Hazzard, PA MGH Sports Medicine PAOS 2019: San Antonio, TX



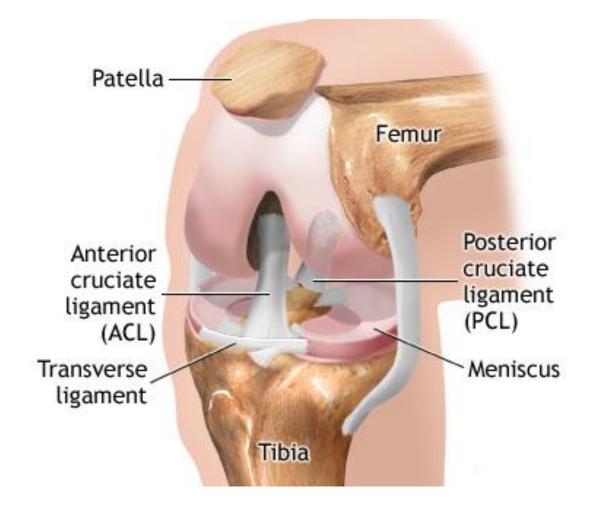


Disclosures



No relevant disclosures





ACL graft tear



Rare but devastating

- 91% survival rate 25 yr
 post-op (Sanders '17)
- Examine reasons
 - Acute explainable trauma
 - Preventable



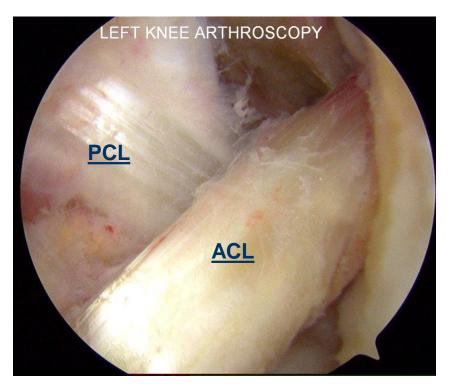


 200,000 ACL reconstructions are performed annually in the US





ACL Reconstruction



10 miles from Boston





Revision Anterior Cruciate Ligament Reconstruction Surgery

Mark H. Getelman, MD, and Marc J. Friedman, MD

JAAOS 1999

Table 1 Causes of Failure Technical Nonanatomic tunnel placement Inadequate notchplasty Improper tensioning Graft fixation Insufficient graft material Biologic Failed ligamentization Infection Arthrofibrosis Infrapatellar contracture syndrome Traumatic Early (before graft incorporation) Late (after incorporation) Failure due to secondary instability Rotatory instability Skeletal malalignment Varus/valgus instability

ACL re-tear: PREVENTION

Simple decision rules can reduce reinjury risk by 84% after ACL reconstruction: the Delaware-Oslo ACL cohort study

Hege Grindem,¹ Lynn Snyder-Mackler,² Håvard Moksnes,³ Lars Engebretsen,^{3,4} May Arna Risberg^{1,4}

Grindem H, et al. Br J Sports Med 2016;50:804-808. doi:10.1136/bjsports-2016-096031

- Landmark paper for ACLR with returning to sports
- Quad symmetry (isokinetic test) + single-legged hop test
- Muscle + Hop must be >90%
- 51% reinjury rate PER MONTH until 9 months



British Journal of **Sports Medicine**

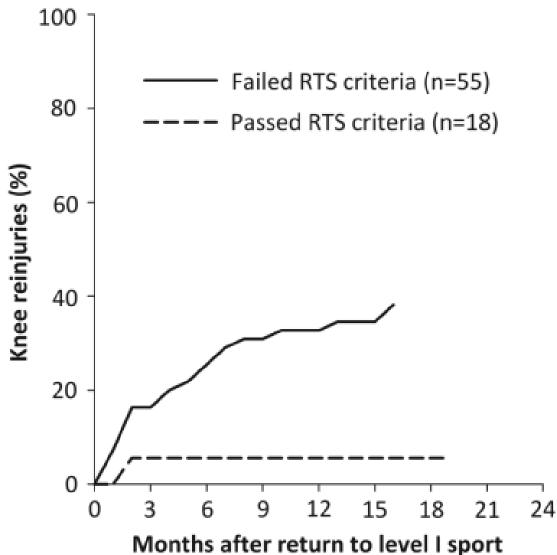


ACL re-tear: PREVENTION

Simple decision rules can reduce reinjury risk by 84% after ACL reconstruction: the Delaware-Oslo ACL cohort study

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Revision ACL: "The others"



- Technical
 - Graft
 - Tunnel considerations
 - Tibial Slope
 - Anterolateral Ligament (ALL)
 - Synthetic graft
- Rehabilitation
 - Objective measurement
 - Limb symmetry index
 - Functional movement assessment
 - Synder-Mackler: 84% reduction in re-injury if pass RTS criteria
 - British Journal Sports
 Medicine 2016



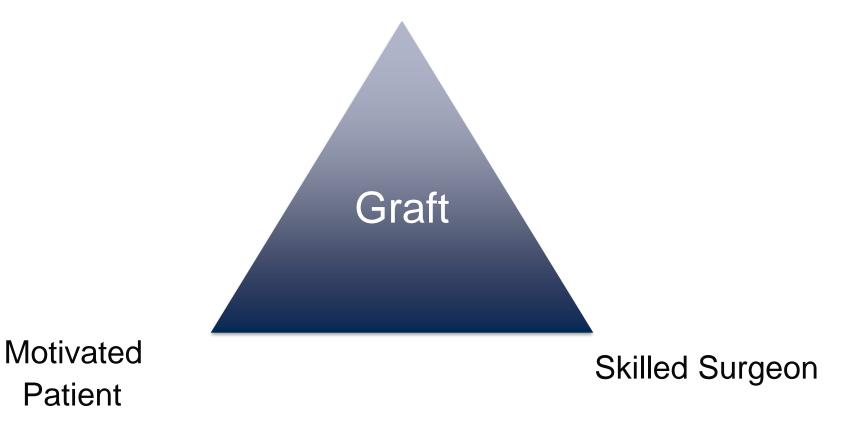


Graft Considerations

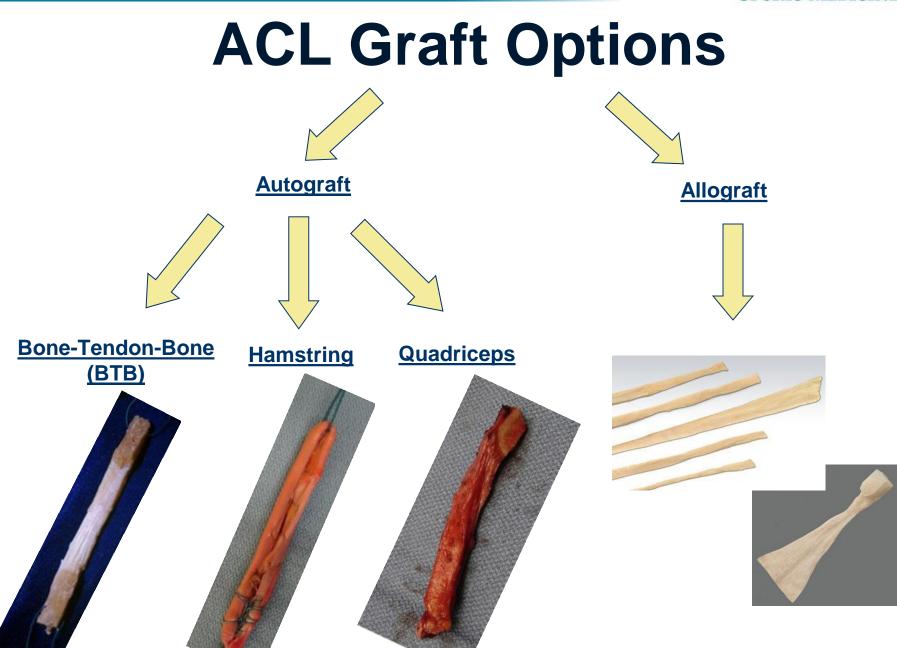
Patient



Skilled Rehabilitation







ACL Graft selection bias

J Knee Surg 2018; 31(05): 472-478 DOI: 10.1055/s-0037-1604147



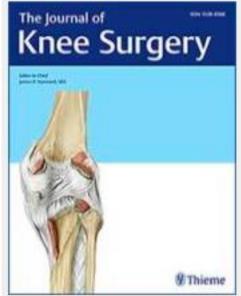
Original Article

Thieme Medical Publishers 333 Seventh Avenue, New York, NY 10001, USA.

Variance in Anterior Cruciate Ligament Reconstruction Graft Selection based on Patient Demographics and Location within the Multicenter Orthopaedic Outcomes Network Cohort

Darby A. Houck, Matthew J. Kraeutler, Armando F. Vidal, Eric C. McCarty, Jonathan T. Bravman, Michelle L. Wolcott, MOON Knee Group

- 2,149 ACLR patients broken into 4 regions of USA
- Strong affiliation between region and graft selection
 - AKA: Evidence of regional bias
 - Northeast: BTB



Generalizations

Risk Factors and Predictors of Subsequent ACL Injury in Either Knee After ACL Reconstruction

Prospective Analysis of 2488 Primary ACL Reconstructions From the MOON Cohort

Christopher C. Kaeding,^{*†‡} MD, Angela D. Pedroza,[†] MPH, Emily K. Reinke,[§] PhD, Laura J. Huston,[§] MS, MOON Consortium,[¶] and Kurt P. Spindler,[∥] MD Investigation performed at the Ohio State University, Columbus, Ohio, USA, and Vanderbilt University Medical Center, Nashville, Tennessee, USA The

- 2488 Primary ACL results
- Significantly higher rate of re-tear with allograft (5.2x higher than BTB Auto)
- Significantly higher rate of re-tear with younger age and higher activity level
- Chance of re-injury rose by 11% for each point on Marx scale



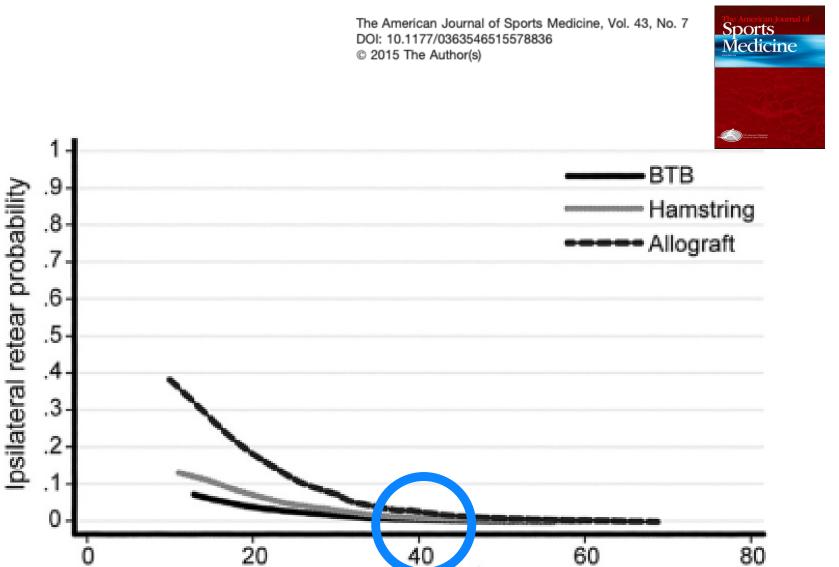


The American Journal of Sports Medicine, Vol. 43, No. 7 DOI: 10.1177/0363546515578836 © 2015 The Author(s)

Landmark study for Age/ACL

0





Age (yrs)

Landmark study for ACL revision graft

-

Winner of the 2014 O'Donoghue Award

Effect of Graft Choice on the Outcome of Revision Anterior Cruciate Ligament Reconstruction in the Multicenter ACL Revision Study (MARS) Cohort

The MARS Group^{*†} Investigation performed at the Department of Orthopaedic Surgery, Washington University School of Medicine at Barnes-Jewish Hospital, St Louis, Missouri, USA

The American Journal of Sports Medicine, Vol. 42, No. 10 DOI: 10.1177/0363546514549005 © 2014 The Author(s)

- 1205 patients getting revision ACL. Median age: 26. Two-year follow-up.
- Grafts: Autograft (48%) and Allograft (49%)
- 28% getting surgery by original surgeon
 - "Nothing ruins good results like follow up"





Landmark study for ACL revision graft

Winner of the 2014 O'Donoghue Award

Effect of Graft Choice on the Outcome of Revision Anterior Cruciate Ligament Reconstruction in the Multicenter ACL Revision Study (MARS) Cohort

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The American Journal of Sports Medicine, Vol. 42, No. 10 DOI: 10.1177/0363546514549005 © 2014 The Author(s)

- 1205 patients getting revision ACL. Median age: 26. Two-year follow-up.
- <u>Autograft</u>: Predictor of better IKDC, KOOS Sports subscale, KOOS quality of life, and 2 year Marx scales.
- <u>Autograft</u>: 2.78 times <u>less</u> likely to re-tear vs allograft in revision setting







Synthetic grafts the first time?

Synthetic Graft: Back to the Future?



- 1980's: Synthetic grafts are developed
- Significant
 complications rates due
 to material reaction
 (synovitis, posttraumatic arthritis, etc)
- Abandoned soon after





ACL: Synthetic Grafts



LARS

- Ligament Augmentation & Reconstruction System
- Polyethylene terephthalate (PET) designed for tissue ingrowth
 - Fixed the issues from 1980's
- 1995: First clinical report (Dericks)
 - 220 cases, 0 cases synovitis
- 2013 saw international surge in LARS results and studies







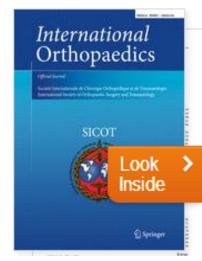
International Orthopaedics August 2013, Volume 37, Issue 8, pp 1567-1574

Anterior cruciate ligament reconstruction with LARS[™] artificial ligament results at a mean follow-up of eight years

Paolo Domenico Parchi, Ciapini Gianluca, Lorenzo Dolfi, Alessandro Baluganti, Piolanti Nicola, Fabio Chiellini, Michele Lisanti

- Multi-database search for LARS results
- 35 papers
- 1,245 cases
 - F/U 3 months-9 years
- 12 graft ruptures (0.96%)
- 3 cases knee synovitis (0.24%)

- Five papers compared vs autograft
 - No significant difference
 - LARS had faster recovery and return to sport
- One paper reported on long term results
 - 25 patients with 9 year F/U
 - 95% success rate
 - Zero cases of synovitis



2019 ACL graft choice



- Patient specific
- Age
- Activity Level







Tunnel Considerations

Tunnels



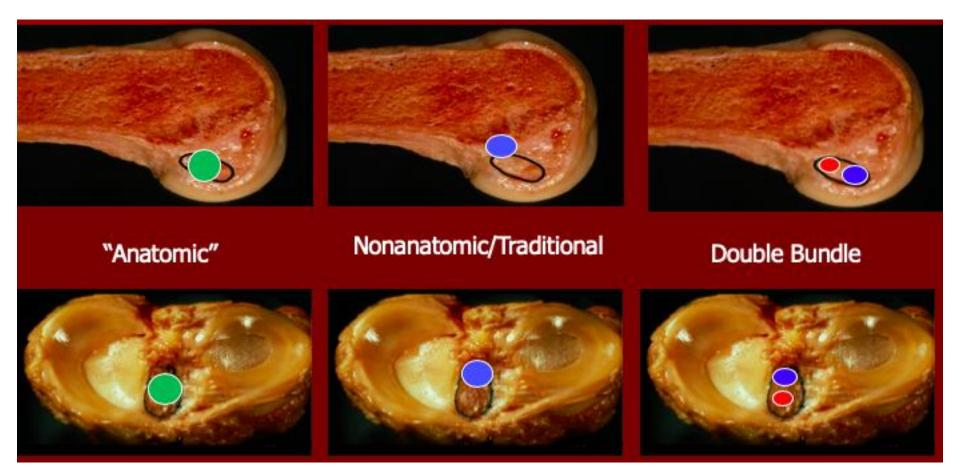
Femoral

- Vertical (superior)
- Anterior
- Wide
- Tibial
 - Anterior
 - Posterior
 - Wide



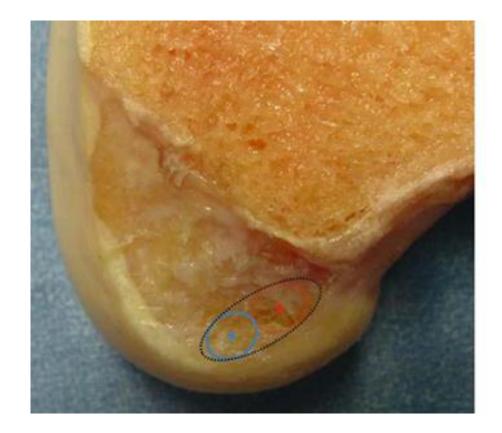
Tunnel Overview







- ACL comprised of two bundles
 - —Anteromedial (AM)
 - —Posterolateral (PL)





Be prepared to fill





Tibial Slope



 ACL tears with lateral femur subluxing posterior off the tibial plateau (aka: "pivot shift")

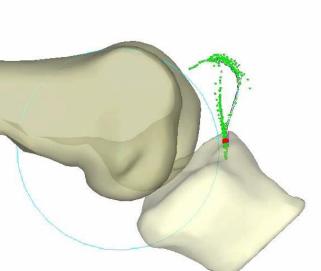




Unregistered

 ACL tears with lateral femur subluxing posterior off the tibial plateau (aka: "pivot shift")







Better grip



Not as secure



Tibial Slope and Its Effect on Force in Anterior Cruciate Ligament Grafts

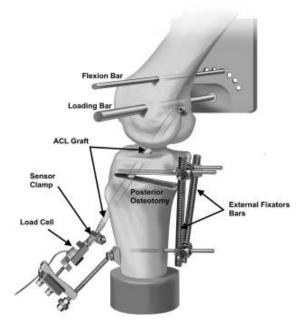
Anterior Cruciate Ligament Force Increases Linearly as Posterior Tibial Slope Increases

Andrew S. Bernhardson,[†] MD, LCDR, MC, USN, Zachary S. Aman,^{*} BA, Grant J. Dornan,^{*} MSc, Bryson R. Kemler,^{*} MS, Hunter W. Storaci,^{*} MS, Alex W. Brady,^{*} MSc, Gilberto Y. Nakama,^{*} MD. and Robert F. LaPrade,^{†‡} MD, PhD Investigation performed at the Department of BioMedical Engineering, Steadman Philippon Research Institute, Vail, Colorado, USA





The American Journal of Sports Medicine 2019;47(2):296–302 DOI: 10.1177/0363546518820302 © 2019 The Author(s)



- Cadaveric study
 - ACL graft tested at various points of flexion
- Tibial slope was varied between -2° and 20° of posterior slope at 2° increments

Tibial Slope and Its Effect on Force in Anterior Cruciate Ligament Grafts

Anterior Cruciate Ligament Force Increases Linearly as Posterior Tibial Slope Increases

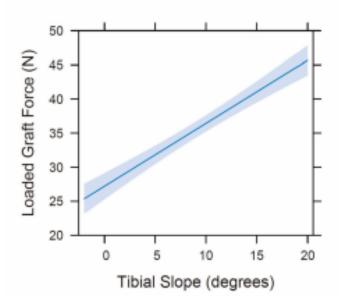
Andrew S. Bernhardson,[†] MD, LCDR, MC, USN, Zachary S. Aman,^{*} BA, Grant J. Dornan,^{*} MSc, Bryson R. Kemler,^{*} MS, Hunter W. Storaci,^{*} MS, Alex W. Brady,^{*} MSc, Gilberto Y. Nakama,^{*} MD, and Robert F. LaPrade,^{†‡} MD, PhD Investigation performed at the Department of BioMedical Engineering, Steadman Philippon Research Institute, Vail, Colorado, USA





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 <u>Result</u>: Direct linear correlation between graft force and *increasing* tibial slope A1 Tibial Slope Effect Plot





Association between tibial plateau slopes and early graft failure after Anterior Cruciate Ligament Reconstruction

Ahmet Kulduk, MD, Istanbul TURKEY Kerem Sencan, MD, Istanbul TURKEY Rasit Özcafer, MD, Istanbul TURKEY Mehmet O. Buyukkuscu, MD, Istanbul TURKEY Engin Çetinkaya, MD, Assoc. Prof., Istanbul TURKEY Sükrü Sarper Gürsu, MD, Assoc. Prof., Istanbul TURKEY Vedat Sahin, MD, Istanbul TURKEY *MS Baltalimani Bone Research & Educational Hospital, Istanbul, TURKEY*





International Society of Arthroscopy, Knee Surgery and Orthopaedic Sports Medicine

- 37 patients underwent revision ACL within two years of primary surgery
- Compared to 37 controls with intact ACL
- Intact ACL group: Lateral tibial plateau slope 3.3 degrees
- <u>Revision ACL group</u>: Lateral tibial plateau slope 7.1 degrees





Increased Lateral Tibial Plateau Slope Predisposes Male College Football Players to Anterior Cruciate Ligament Injury

Ata A. Rahnemai-Azar, MD, Zaneb Yaseen, MD, Carola F. van Eck, MD, James J. Irrgang, PhD, PT, ATC, Freddie H. Fu, MD, DSc(Hon), DPs(Hon), and Volker Musahl, MD

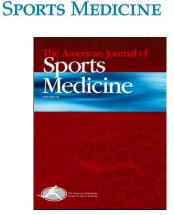
Investigation performed at the Department of Orthopaedic Surgery, University of Pittsburgh Medical Center, Pittsburgh, Pennsylvania

Journal of Bone & Joint Surgery - American Volume Volume 101(10) pgs. 859-943,e42-e48 May 15, 2019 ISSN: 0021-9355 Copyright 2019 by The Journal of Bone and Joint Surgery, Incorporated

- 90 NCAA-1 football players with ACL tears
- Case matched for age, height, weight, and BMI to subjects without an ACL injury (control group)
- Measured notch size, medial and tibial plateau slopes, and condylar widths, and bicondylar width.
- Multivariable analysis revealed that increased lateral tibial slope (odds ratio, 1.32 [95% CI, 1.03 to 1.70]) was the sole independent predictor of ACL injury.
- Lateral tibial slope (deg) 7.7 ± 3.5 (ACL group) vs 4.7 ± 2.8 (Control)

Lateral Tibial Posterior Slope Is Increased in Patients With Early Graft Failure After Anterior Cruciate Ligament Reconstruction

Joshua J. Christensen,* MD, Aaron J. Krych,* MD, William M. Engasser,* MD, Matthias K. Vanhees,[†] MD, Mark S. Collins,[‡] MD, and Diane L. Dahm,*[§] MD Investigation performed at the Department of Orthopedic Surgery, Mayo Clinic, Rochester, Minnesota, USA



MASSACHUSETTS

GENERAL HOSPITAL

The American Journal of Sports Medicine, Vol. 43, No. 10 DOI: 10.1177/0363546515597664 © 2015 The Author(s)

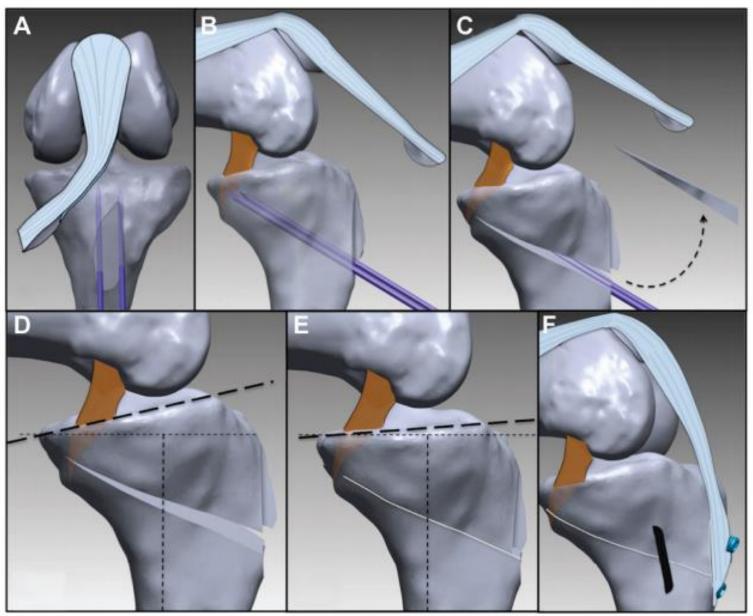
- 35 patients who tore ACL graft within 2 years from primary
- Case matched for age, sex, date of primary surgery, and graft type (control group with intact ACL)
- 2.4 times increased risk for graft failure with a 4 degree increase in slope
- Nearly 4 times increased risk for failure with a 6 degree increase in slope.



Increased lateral tibial slope: The Fix?

Anterior closing wedge osteotomy

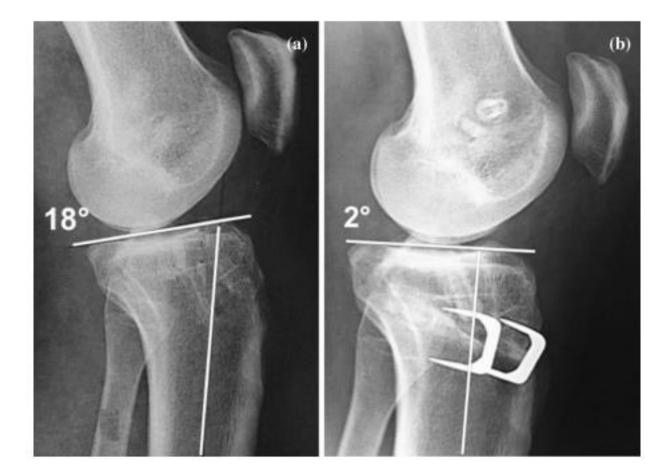




Sonnery-Cottet, AJSM 2014

Anterior closing wedge osteotomy





Tibial slope correction combined with second revision ACL produces good knee stability and prevents graft rupture

 $\textbf{David Dejour}^1 \cdot \textbf{Mo Saffarini}^2 \cdot \textbf{Guillaume Demey}^1 \cdot \textbf{Laurent Baverel}^1$

Dejour. Knee Surgery, Sports Traumatology, Arthroscopy Volume: 23 Issue 10 (2015) ISSN: 0942-2056 Online ISSN: 1433-7347 11

Tibial slope results

Effects of Anterior Closing Wedge Tibial Osteotomy on Anterior Cruciate Ligament Force and Knee Kinematics

Kent T. Yamaguchi,*[†] MD, Edward C. Cheung,[†] MD, Keith L. Markolf,[†] PhD, Daniel V. Boguszewski,[†] PhD, Justin Mathew,[†] BS, Christopher J. Lama,[†] MS, David R. McAllister,[†] MD, and Frank A. Petrigliano,[†] MD Investigation performed at the Biomechanics Laboratory, Department of Orthopaedic Surgery, David Geffen School of Medicine at UCLA, Los Angeles, California, USA

- 11 cadavers tested before and after surgery
- Ten-degree anterior closing wedge osteotomy of the proximal tibia
- Anterior tibial translation was tested between 5° and 45° flexion
- "Posterior Tibial Slope-reducing osteotomy significantly decreased ACL force"



The American Journal of Sports Medicine 2018;46(2):370–377 DOI: 10.1177/0363546517736767 © 2017 The Author(s)



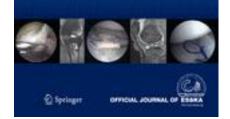


Tibial slope correction combined with second revision ACL produces good knee stability and prevents graft rupture

 $\textbf{David Dejour}^1 \cdot \textbf{Mo Saffarini}^2 \cdot \textbf{Guillaume Demey}^1 \cdot \textbf{Laurent Baverel}^1$

- 9 revision ACL patients
- Indication: Osteotomy if >12 degree posterior tibial slope
- Mean age 30.3. Mean follow-up: 4yr
- Aimed for 3-5 degree slope
- <u>Results</u>: Satisfactory outcome with no complication. No re-tear.





Arthroscopy



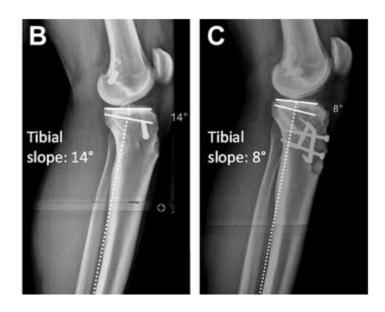
Tibial slope results

Proximal Tibial Anterior Closing Wedge Osteotomy in Repeat Revision of Anterior Cruciate Ligament Reconstruction

Bertrand Sonnery-Cottet,^{*†} MD, Stefan Mogos,[†] MD, Mathieu Thaunat,[†] MD, Pooler Archbold,[‡] MD, Jean-Marie Fayard,[†] MD, Benjamin Freychet,[†] MD, Julien Clechet,[†] MD, and Pierre Chambat,[†] MD Investigation performed at the Centre Orthopédique Santy and Hôpital Privé Jean Mermoz, Lyon, France

- 5 RE-revision ACL patients.
 23-45 month follow-up.
- Pre-operative 13.6 degree posterior tibial slope
- Post-operative 9.2 degree posterior tibial slope
- <u>Results</u>: Satisfactory outcome with no complication. No retear.

The American Journal of Sports Medicine, Vol. 42, No. 8 DOI: 10.1177/0363546514534938 © 2014 The Author(s)





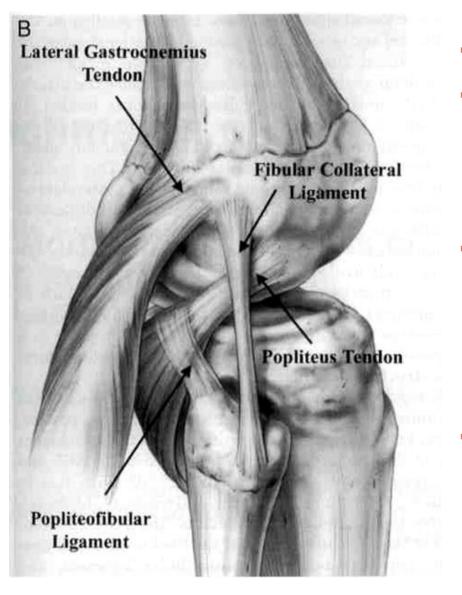




Secondary Stabilizers: The Anterolateral Ligament (ALL)

Known: Posterolateral Corner

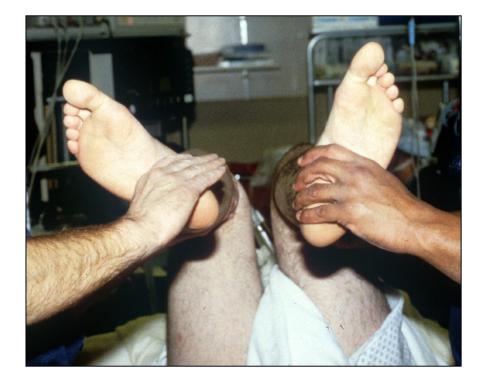




- Rotatory stabilizing region
- Incidence PLC injury 7% to 13.9% with ACL injury (LaPrade Arthroscopy 2007)
 - Underreported physical exam difficult
- Failure to treat posterolateral corner injuries associated with increased risk for graft failure after ACL
 - LaPrade AJSM 1999, Hughston JBJS 1985
 - Corten, Bellemans AJSM 2008
 - Suggest initially missed posterolateral corner injury as "key variable" explaining 24% revision in their cohort

Known: Anterolateral rotatory instability





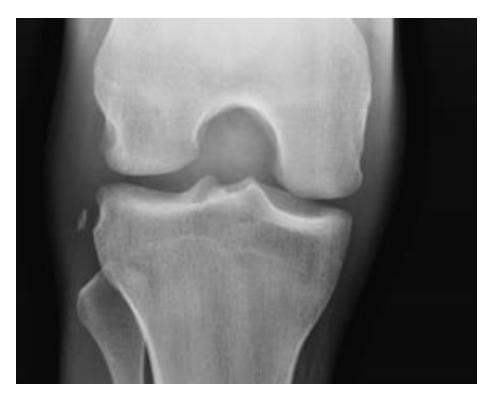
- Physical Exam
- Evaluate every patient with an ACL-deficient for varus laxity and rotational instability
- Varus stability 30 degrees
- Dial Test at 30 and 90 degrees
 - 10° increase in ER = laxity
 - At 30° only: Posterolateral corner
 - At 30 and 90: Posterolateral corner and PCL

Known: Anterolateral rotatory instability



- Dr. Paul Segond
- 1879: "Pearly, resistant fibrous band"
 - Small bony avulsion off the lateral tibial plateau
 - 75-100% of ACL tears





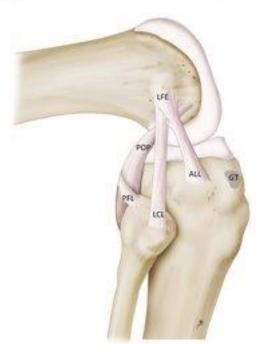


The New York Eimes

PHYS ED

Doctors Identify a New Knee Ligament

By GRETCHEN REYNOLDS NOVEMBER 13, 2013 12:01 AM 464 Comments



Anterolateral ligament



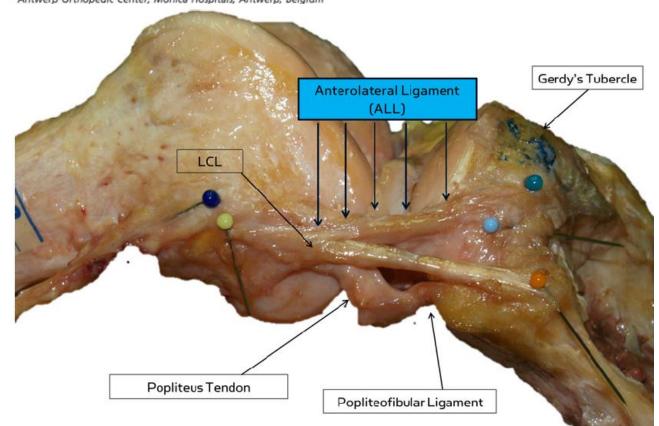
J. Anat. (2013)

doi: 10.1111/joa.12087

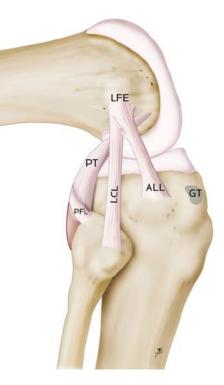
Anatomy of the anterolateral ligament of the knee

Steven Claes,¹ Evie Vereecke,² Michael Maes,¹ Jan Victor,³ Peter Verdonk⁴ and Johan Bellemans¹

¹Department of Orthopedic Surgery & Traumatology, University Hospitals Leuven, Leuven, Belgium ²Department of Development and Regeneration, Faculty of Medicine@Kulak, Catholic University Leuven, Kortrijk, Belgium ³Department of Orthopedic Surgery & Traumatology, University Hospital Gent, Ghent, Belgium ⁴Antwerp Orthopedic Center, Monica Hospitals, Antwerp, Belgium



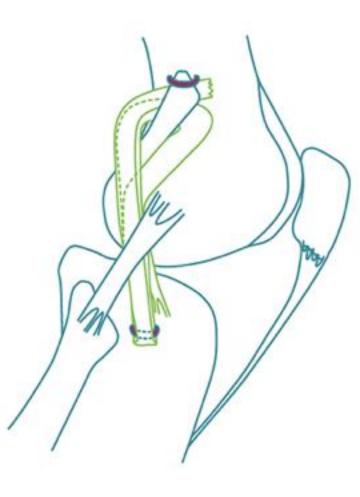




Anterolateral ligament: Not new

- Descriptions of Anterolateral instability
 - Jack Hughston JBJS 1976
 - Galway/Beaupre/MacIntosh 1972
 - Slocum et al 1976
 - Loee, Johnson, Southwick 1978
 - Noyes 1993
- Extra-articular Surgery (IT Band tenodesis)
 - Marcel Lemaire 1972
 - MacIntosh Procedure 1972
 - Coker-Arnold Modification
 - Frank Noyes 1991
 - Marcacci and Zaffagnini AJSM 2009





Anterolateral ligament





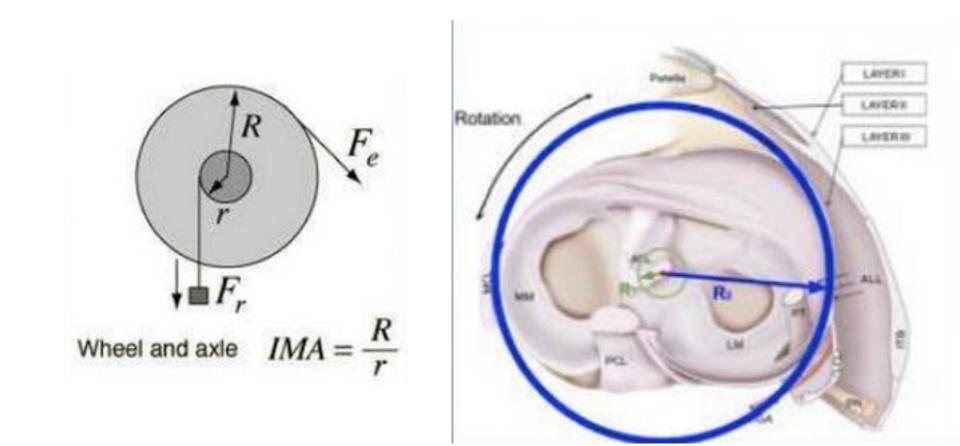
Courtesy http://drrobertlaprademd.com/



How Can a Centrally Located Ligament Adequately Prevent Rotation?

ALL: Wheel & Axle Concept

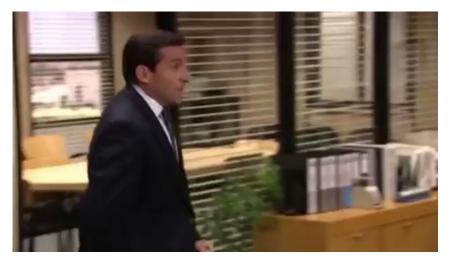




Anterolateral ligament (ALL) sees 6 times the force seen by the ACL

Initial Scuttlebutt







- "I'll use it in a second revision"
- "I'll wait for the clinical"
- "Concept seems good...."
- "This is nothing new"
- "3+ Pivot"







Am J Sports Med. 2015 Mar 4. pii: 0363546515571571. [Epub ahead of print]

Outcome of a Combined Anterior Cruciate Ligament and Anterolateral Ligament Reconstruction Technique With a Minimum 2-Year Follow-up.

Sonnery-Cottet B¹, Thaunat M², Freychet B², Pupim BH², Murphy CG², Claes S³.

- 92 Patients. Primary ACL + ALL.
- 2 year follow up (mean 32.4 +/- 3.9 months)
- <u>Indications</u>: Segond fracture, chronic ACL lesion, grade 3 pivot shift, high level of sporting activity, pivoting sports, and radiographic lateral femoral notch sign
- 1.1% ACL re-rupture



Arthroscopy. 2019 Mar;35(3):885-892. doi: 10.1016/j.arthro.2018.09.020. Epub 2019 Jan 29.

Combined Anterior Cruciate and Anterolateral Ligament Reconstruction in the Professional Athlete: Clinical Outcomes From the Scientific Anterior Cruciate Ligament Network International Study Group in a Series of 70 Patients With a Minimum Follow-Up of 2 Years.

Rosenstiel N¹, Praz C¹, Ouanezar H¹, Saithna A¹, Fournier Y¹, Hager JP¹, Thaunat M¹, Sonnery-Cottet B².

Author information

- 1 Centre Orthopédique Santy, FIFA Medical Center of Excellence, Groupe Ramsay-Generale de Santé, Lyon, France.
- 2 Centre Orthopédique Santy, FIFA Medical Center of Excellence, Groupe Ramsay-Generale de Santé, Lyon, France. Electronic address: sonnerycottet@aol.com.
 - 72 Professional Athletes. Primary ACL + ALL.
 - Minimum 2 year follow up (mean 3.9 years)
 - 5.7% ACL re-rupture (4 patients)
 - Final follow up Tegner: 8.8 +/- 1.5
 - <u>At 1 year</u>: 87% return to same level. Avg 7.9 months.

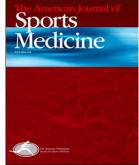




Anterolateral Ligament Reconstruction Is Associated With Significantly Reduced ACL Graft Rupture Rates at a Minimum Follow-up of 2 Years: A Prospective Comparative Study of 502 Patients From the SANTI Study Group

Bertrand Sonnery-Cottet, MD*, Adnan Saithna, MBChB, DipSEM, MSc, FRCS(T&O), Maxime Cavalier, Show less MD, Charles Kajetanek, MD, Eduardo Frois Temponi, MD, Matt Daggett, DO/MBA, Camilo Partezani Helito, MD, Mathieu Thaunat, MD

- Scientific ACL NeTwork International (SANTI)
- 502 Primary ACL patients. BTB (105) vs Ham (176) vs Ham +ALL (221)
- Mean age: 22.4yrs
- Mean follow-up of 38.4 months
- <u>Hamstring</u>: **10.77% re-tear**(range, 6.60%-17.32%)
- <u>BTB</u>: **16.77% re-tear** (range, 9.99%-27.40%)
- <u>Hamstring + ALL</u>: **4.13% re-tear** (range, 2.17%-7.80%)



Clinical Outcomes of Isolated Revision Anterior Cruciate Ligament Reconstruction or in Combination With Anatomic Anterolateral Ligament Reconstruction

Dhong Won Lee,* MD, Jin Goo Kim,*[†] MD, PhD, Seung Ik Cho,[‡] MS, and Du Han Kim,* MD Investigation performed at the Department of Orthopaedic Surgery, Konkuk University Medical Center, Seoul, Republic of Korea The American Journal of Sports Medicine 2019:47(2):324–333

- 87 revision ACL split into 2 groups
- 45 isolated revision ACL vs 42 combo revision ACL + ALL.
- Mean Isolated F/U: 3.5 yrs
 Mean Combo F/U: 3.2 yrs
- Results:
 - Subjective IKDC score, Tegner score, and ACL-RSI better in combo group at final follow up.
 - Return to sport at same level: 57.1% in combo group vs 25.6% in isolated group





DOI: 10.1177/0363546518815888

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Summary



- Avoid the re-tear in the first place
 - Rehab and don't bend
- Learn from mistakes
 - Graft/patient selection, tunnel placement, etc
- Change with the times
- Stay up on research
- Be transparent with the patient





Thank You!



