



A Fracture, By Any Other Name: Identifying and Describing Eponymous Extremity Fractures

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Disclosures

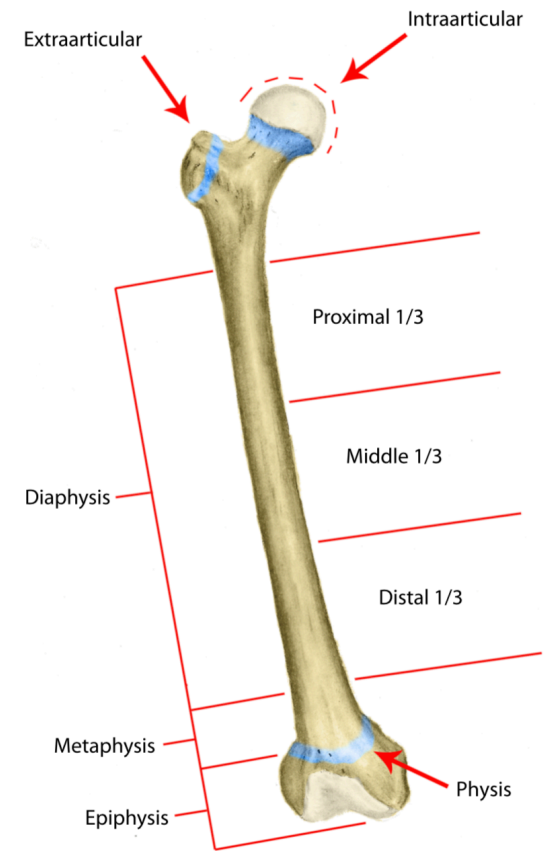
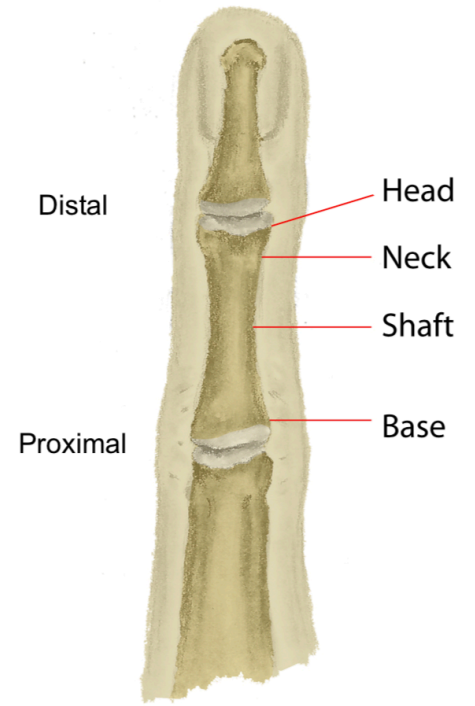
- No relevant commercial relationships to disclose

Session Objectives

- Recognize common radiographic findings associated with orthopedic injuries of the extremities
- Describe a fracture in terms of site, location, configuration, articular involvement, displacement, and other associated findings
- Identify and describe components required for eponymous fractures and fracture-dislocations
- Articulate and document radiographic findings succinctly for common extremity fractures

Eponymous Fracture or Fracture-Dislocation

- Named fractures for who first described or classified the injury
- **Benefit:** Provides rapid, succinct description of complex fracture patterns.
- **Disadvantage:** Often misnamed which creates confusion and misdirects management. Does not always account for severity of the injury.



LOCATION

Which bone? Where in the bone? Joint involvement?

Articular Extension

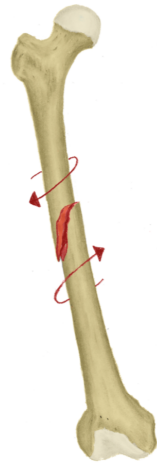
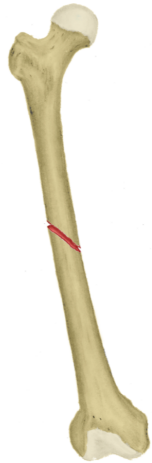
Case courtesy of Dr Aditya Shetty,
Radiopaedia.org, rID: 28755





Case courtesy of eduardo bravo, Radiopaedia.org, rID: 55586





Transverse

Oblique

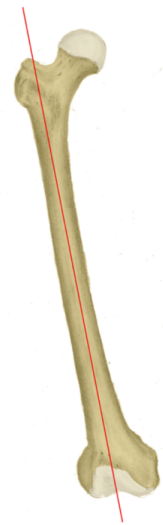
Spiral

Pattern

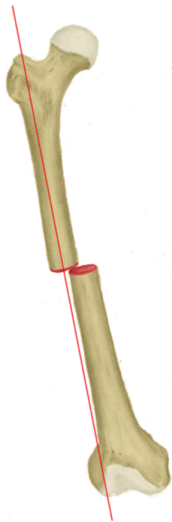
Complete: transverse, oblique, spiral

Incomplete: greenstick, torus, bowing

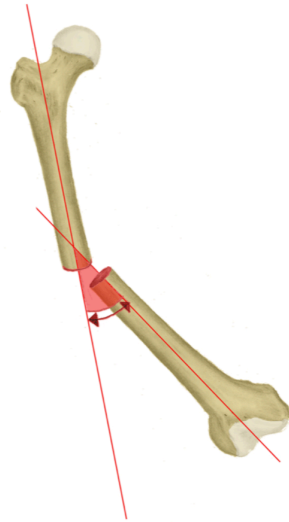
Unique pattern considerations: compression, impaction, avulsion, stress



Normal Position



Translation



Angulation



Rotation

Position

Nondisplaced vs Displaced:

- Translation (Apposition)
- Angulation
- Rotation
- Shortening
- Distraction



*UPPER EXTREMITY
EPONYMOUS FRACTURES*



Case courtesy of Dr Benoudina Samir, Radiopaedia.org, rID: 58016

Hills Sachs Defect

- Radiologists Arthur Hill and David Sachs
- Pattern: compression fracture of the posterolateral humeral head
- MOI: Anterior shoulder dislocations
 - Impaction- anterior glenoid rim
- *Commonly associated with Bankart lesion*

TIP: AP with internal rotation of the shoulder provides best view

Bankart Lesion

- English orthopedic surgeon Arthur Bankart
- Pattern: Soft tissue injury of the anteroinferior glenoid labrum (detachment/tear)
 - Bony Bankart is a fracture of the anteroinferior glenoid
- MOI: anterior shoulder dislocation
- *Commonly associated with Hills Sachs*

TIP: MRI preferred if additional imaging needed



Case courtesy of Dr Maulik S Patel, Radiopaedia.org, rID:

10089

12

Holstein-Lewis Fracture

- American orthopedic surgeons Arthur Holstein and Gwilym Lewis
- Pattern: Spiral fx of the distal third of the humerus
- MOI: trauma

TIP: Radial nerve at risk for neuropraxia



Galeazzi Fracture - Dislocation

- Italian surgeon Ricardo Galeazzi
- Pattern: radial shaft fracture (middle/distal third) with associated dislocation of the distal radioulnar joint (DRUJ)
- MOI: FOOSH, forearm pronation or supination

TIP: Galeazzi equivalent is a more common fracture pattern if seen in kids

- Radial shaft fx with ulnar physis displacement distally (DRUJ remains intact)



Monteggia Fracture - Dislocation

- Milanese surgeon Giovanni Battista Monteggia
- Pattern: **ulna** shaft (proximal third) fx with dislocation of radial head
- MOI: Direct blow to the ulna or FOOSH

TIP: When “isolated” ulnar shaft fx identified, complete elbow and wrist examination with images are necessary

- Major medicolegal concern if missed

15



Colles Fracture

- Irish surgeon Abraham Colles
- Pattern: extra-articular distal radius fracture with impaction and dorsal angulation/displacement
 - “dinner fork deformity”
- MOI: FOOSH or high impact trauma

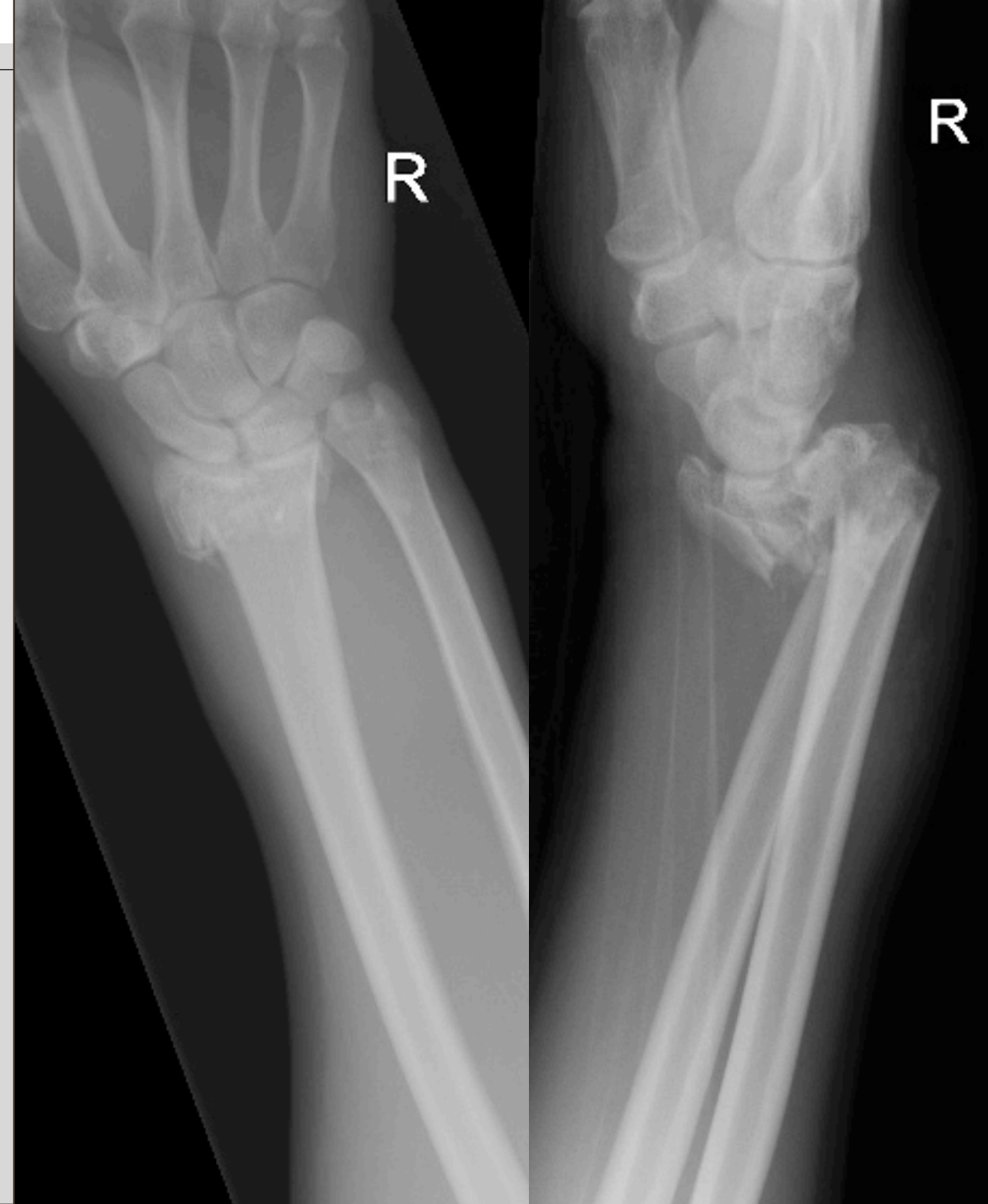
TIP: 50% associated ulnar styloid fracture



Smith Fracture

- Irish surgeon and pathologist Robert Smith
- Pattern: transverse fracture of the distal radius with volar angulation/displacement
 - Also termed Reverse Colles
- MOI: Fall on flexed wrist

TIP: Smith fx with articulation is termed Reverse Barton (Volar-type)



Barton Fracture

- American surgeon John Rhea Barton
- Pattern: oblique fracture of the distal radius with articular extension dorsally
 - Dorsal-type: Barton fracture
 - Volar-type: reverse Barton fracture

TIP: Often associated with dorsal subluxation/dislocation of radiocarpal joint



Bennett fracture

- Irish surgeon, Edward Bennett
- Pattern: intra-articular oblique fracture at the base of the first metacarpal
 - Associated with subluxation or dislocation of carpometacarpal joint
- MOI: axial trauma with partially flexed metacarpal

TIP: Consider Rolando fx if in more than two parts



Rolando fracture

- Silvio Rolando
- Pattern: comminuted intra-articular first metacarpal base fracture
 - ≥ 3 parts
- MOI: axial trauma with partially flexed metacarpal
- *TIP*: unstable fx typically requiring surgery with hand specialist



Case courtesy of Dr Maulik S Patel, Radiopaedia.org, rID: 48712



*LOWER EXTREMITY
EPONYMOUS FRACTURES*



Case courtesy of Dr Maulik S Patel, Radiopaedia.org, rID: 9758

Segond Fracture

- French surgeon Paul Segond
- Pattern: avulsion fracture of the proximal lateral tibia (inferior to the tibial plateau)
- MOI: internal rotation of the knee with varus stress

TIP: frequent association with **ACL tears**, meniscal tears, and other soft tissue injuries

- MR imaging of the knee

Maisonneuve Fracture

- French surgeon Jacque Gilles Maisonneuve
- Pattern: spiral fracture of the proximal fibula with associated unstable ankle injury
 - Disruption of the distal tibiofibular syndesmosis +/- medial malleolus fx, and interosseous tear
 - May have widening at ankle mortise
- MOI: force on externally rotated ankle with a pronated foot


TIP: Always assess proximal fibula with ankle injuries to avoid missing this injury



Tillaux Fracture

- French surgeon Paul Tillaux
- Pattern: fracture of the anterolateral tubercle of the distal tibia
 - Salter Harris Type III
- MOI: pull of the anteroinferior tibiofibular ligament in abduction/external rotation
 - Fracture requires an open physis: Adolescent injury

TIP: If metaphyseal involvement consider Triplane fracture (SH Type IV)



Case courtesy of Dr Balint Botz, Radiopaedia.org, rID: 74925

Lisfranc Injury (Sprain - Fracture - Dislocation)

- French surgeon Jacque Lisfranc de Saint-Martin
- Pattern: tarsometatarsal fracture-dislocation (multiple variants)
 - Disruption typically between the articulation of the medial cuneiform and base of the second/third metatarsal
- MOI: crush injury or indirect force in hyperplantarflexion

Radiographs- weight bearing images may be helpful

- Widening and /or avulsion at the interval between the 1st and 2nd MT (“fleck sign”) or Step-off on lateral views:

TIP: Risk for post-traumatic arthritis and chronic pain



Jones Fracture

- Welsh Orthopaedic Surgeon Sir Robert Jones
- Pattern: transverse fracture at the metadiaphyseal junction without articular or distal extension of the fracture
 - Pseudo-Jones (Dancer Fracture): avulsion fracture of the fifth metatarsal base
- MOI: plantarflexion with adduction force to forefoot

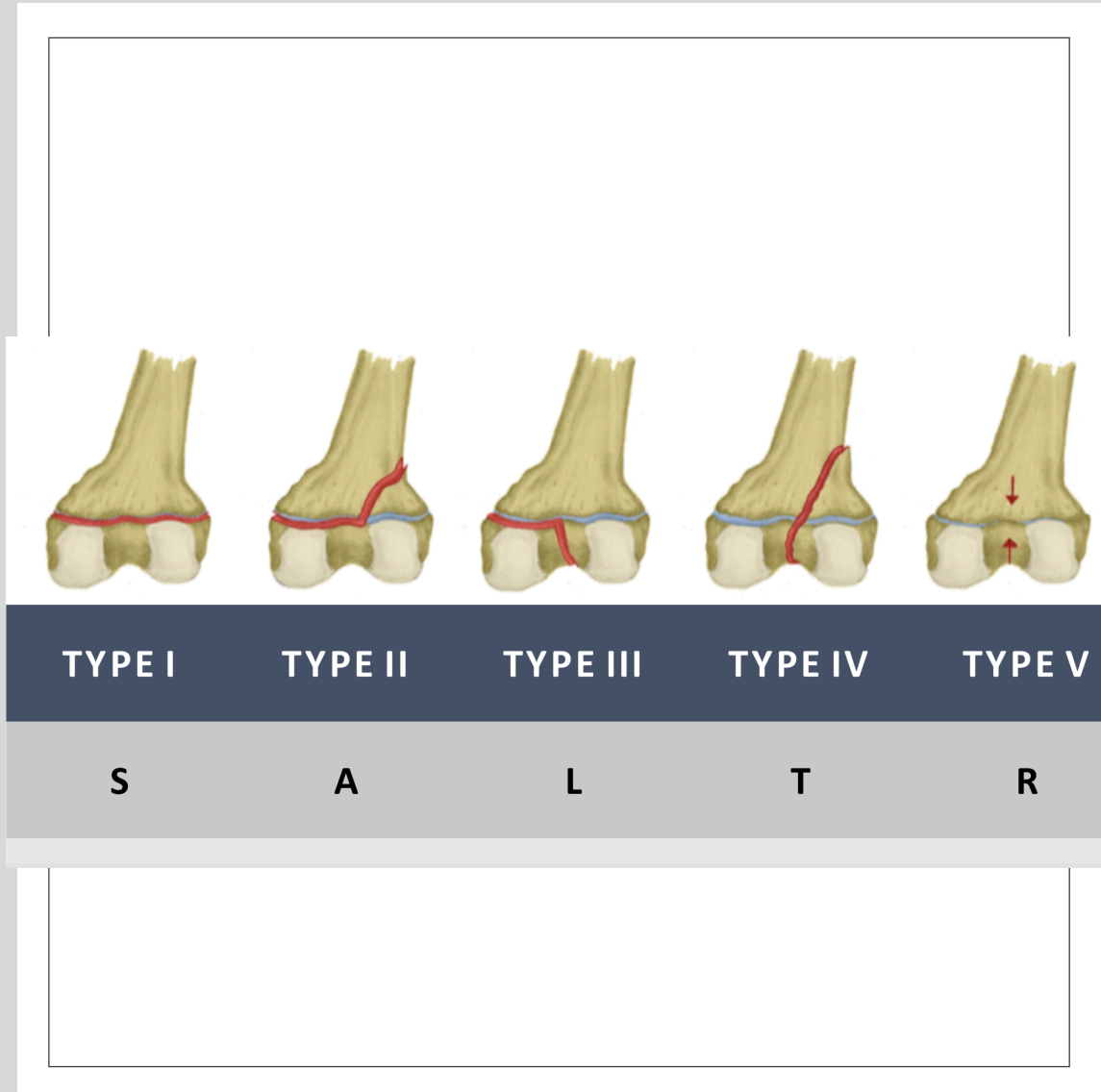
Tip: Higher rate of nonunion, delayed union, or refracture due to the watershed blood supply



Salter-Harris Fracture

- Robert B Salter and William H Harris
- Pattern: Fracture classification system involving the physis in pediatric patients
 - SH Type II is the most common

Tip: Follow-up for at least 1 year to assess the risk to the growth plate



References

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7. Wong PK, Hanna TN, Shuaib W, et al. What's in a name? Lower extremity fracture eponyms (part 2). *Int J Emerg*. 2015;8:25.

Resources

- AAOS: <http://www.aaos.org/>
- POSNA: <https://posna.org/>
- AAFP: <http://www.aafp.org/>

- Radiopaedia: <http://radiopaedia.org/>
- OrthoBullets: <https://www.orthobullets.com>

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